Ischaemum keralensis, a new species of Poaceae from Kerala (India)

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Summary: Description of Ischaemum keralensis, a new species of Poaceae from Kerala (India), allied to I. burmanicum Bor.

Résumé: Description de Ischaemum keralensis, nouvelle espèce de Poaceae de Kerala (Inde), proche de I. burmanicum Bor.

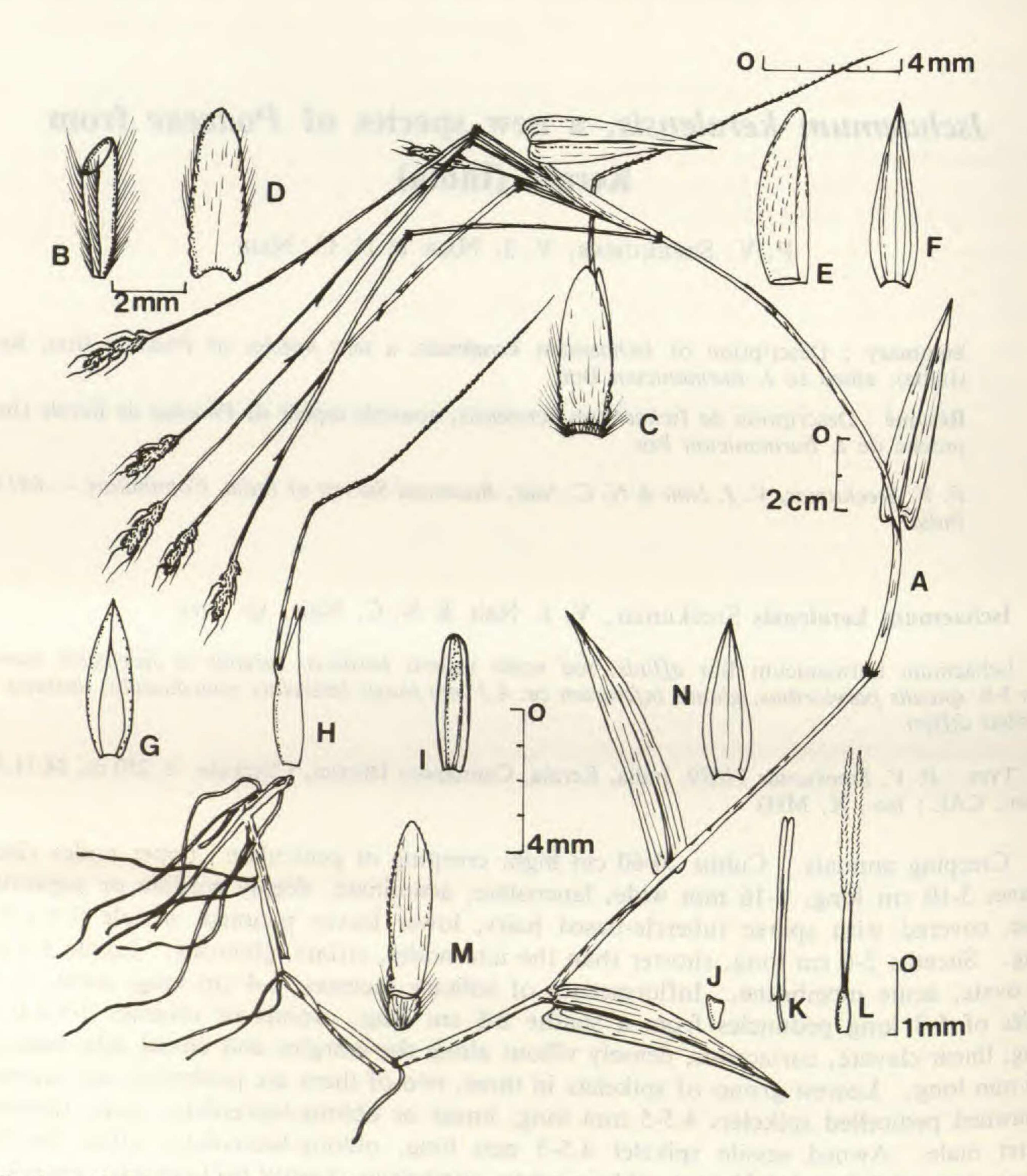
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Ischaemum keralensis Sreekumar, V. J. Nair & N. C. Nair, sp. nov.

Ischaemum burmanicum Bor affinis, sed nodis superis barbatis, racemis in fasciculos numerorum 5-8, spiculis parvioribus, glumis inferarum ca. 4.5 mm longis lateraliter paucinodulis, antheris brevioribus differt.

Type: P. V. Sreekumar 71839, India, Kerala, Cannanore District, Cherkala, ± 250 m, 24.11.1981 (holo-, CAL; iso-, K, MH).

Creeping annuals. Culms 20-60 cm high, creeping or geniculate; upper nodes villous. Leaves 3-10 cm long, 6-16 mm wide, lanceolate, acuminate, deeply cordate or sagittate at base, covered with sparse tubercle-based hairs, lower leaves petioled, petiole 0.5-1.5 cm long. Sheaths 2-6 cm long, shorter than the internodes, striate, glabrous. Ligule 1-2 mm, an ovate, acute membrane. Inflorescence of solitary racemes, 1-4 cm long, stout, in fascicles of 5-8 long peduncles from a spathe 2-5 cm long. Joints of racemes 3.5-4.0 mm long, linear-clavate, coriaceous, densely villous along the margins and dorsal side, hairs 0.5-2.5 mm long. Lowest group of spikelets in three, two of them are pedicelled and unawned. Unawned pedicelled spikelets 4.5-5 mm long, linear or oblong-lanceolate, single flowered; floret male. Awned sessile spikelet 4.5-5 mm long, oblong-lanceolate, callus bearded; lower glume 4.5-5 × 1-1.25 mm, oblong-acute, coriaceous, faintly 9-11-nerved, sparsely villous in the lower half and also along the margins, with a few side nodules, margins inturned, scabrid towards apex; upper glume 4.5-5 × 1.5-1.75 mm, boat-shaped or ovatelanceolate when spread, coriaceous, sharply keeled, keel minutely winged and scabrid towards apex, strongly 3-nerved, margins hyaline, ciliate in the upper half, softly hairy on dorsal side; lower floret male; lemma 4.5-5 × 1-1.5 mm, ovate-lanceolate, delicate, hyaline, faintly 3-5-nerved, margins infolded, ciliolate in the upper half; palea $4-5 \times 1$ -



Pl. 1. — Ischaemum keralensis: A, entire plant; B, joint (rhachis); C, sessile spikelet (dorsal view); D, lower glume of the sessile spikelet (dorsal view); E, upper glume (lateral view); F, lower lemma (ventral view); G, palea (ventral view); H, upper lemma (lateral view); I, upper palea (dorsal view); J, lodicule; K, stamen; L, pistil; M, pedicelled spikelet; N, upper lemma of the pedicelled spikelet (ventral view).

1.5 mm, elliptic-lanceolate, delicate, hyaline, 2-keeled, 2-nerved, glabrous; stamens 3, anthers 1-1.5 mm long; upper floret bisexual; lemma 4-4.5 \times 0.75-1 mm, notched, lobes acuminate, delicate, hyaline, faintly 3-nerved; awn 12-16 mm long, geniculate, column 4-6 mm long, brown, bristle pale, scabrid; palea 3.5-4 \times 0.5-0.75 mm, linear or oblong, delicate, hyaline, 2-keeled, 2-nerved, glabrous with a few wart like dots towards apex; lodicules 2, each ca. 0.5 \times 0.25 mm, oblanceolate, retuse at apex; stamens 3, anthers 2-3 mm long, filaments short; ovary ca. 0.5 mm long, oblong, styles ca. 1.5 mm long, slender, stigma ca. 2 mm long, feathery. Pedicelled spikelets 4.5-5 mm long, oblong-lanceolate, unawned; pedicels ca. 1 mm long, clavate, sparsely villous; lower glume 4.5-5 \times 1-1.25 mm, oblong-lanceolate, coriaceous, sparsely villous or glabrous, margins inflexed, scabrid towards apex; upper glume 4.5-5 \times 1-1.5 mm, ovate-lanceolate, coriaceous, faintly 3-5-nerved, glabrous; florets more or less similar to those of the sessile spikelet; upper lemma 4-4.5 \times 1-1.25 mm, oblong-lanceolate, entire, delicate, hyaline, faintly 3-nerved, glabrous.

Growing in moist rocky places; usually in shady places; locally very rare.

This species is allied to *Ischaemum burmanicum* Bor, but markedly differs from it as shown in the table.

Ischaemum burmanicum	Ischaemum keralensis
 Nodes glabrous Racemes terminating the branches and the main culm, not in fascicles Spikelets larger, up to 7 mm long Lower glume ca. 6.5 mm long, smooth, without side nodules Anthers longer 	Upper nodes bearded Racemes in fascicles of 5-8 from a spathe, long peduncled Spikelets smaller, up to 5 mm long Lower glume ca. 4.5 mm long, with a few side nodules Anthers shorter

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